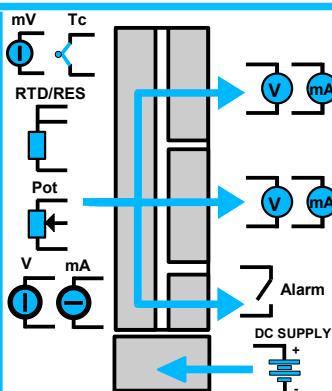


DAT 4530



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The universal isolated converter DAT 4530 is able to measure and linearise voltage, current and resistance signals, potentiometers and the standard thermocouples and RTDs with, if required, the cold junction compensation, the wires compensation. For mV, V and mA input it is possible to set an option for the fast sampling (option HS) or to extract the square root of the measured signal (option SQRT). In function of programming, the measured values are converted in a current or voltage signal on the two outputs. Moreover an output contact is available as trip alarm.

The device guarantees high accuracy and performances stability both versus time and temperature.

The programming is made by the dip-switch located in the window on the side of the enclosure. By means of dip-switches it is possible to select the input type and range and the output type without recalibrate the device.

Moreover, by Personal Computer the user can program all of the device's parameters for his own necessity and the trip alarm's settings.

The 1500 Vac galvanic isolation on all ways (input, outputs and power supply) eliminates the effects of all ground loops eventually existing and allows the use of the converter in heavy environmental conditions found in industrial applications.

The DAT 4530 is in compliance with the standard 89/336/EEC on the Electromagnetic Compatibility.

It is housed in a plastic enclosure of 12.5 mm thickness suitable for DIN rail mounting in compliance with EN-50022 and EN-50035 standards.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

The converter must be powered by a direct voltage applied to the terminals U and V.

The analogue channel measures the value from the sensor connected to the terminals C-D-E-F-G-H-I-L and transmits the output measures on the terminals M-N-O-P (OUT A) and the terminals Q-R-S-T (OUT B). A contact for the trip alarm is available on the terminals A-B.

The input and output connections must be made as shown in the section "Connections".

It is possible to configure the converter on field by dip-switch or Personal Computer as shown in the section "Programming". The configuration by dip-switches can be made also if the device is powered (note: after the configuration the device takes some seconds to provide the right output measure).

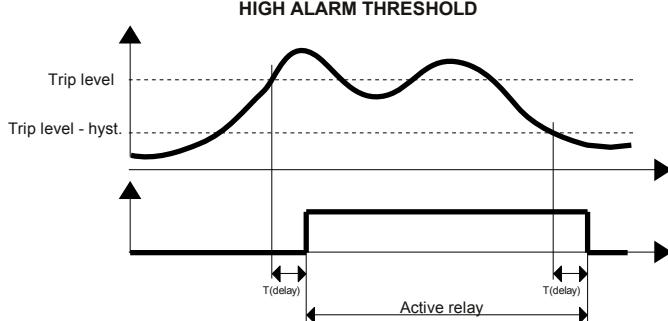
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Typical @ 25 °C and in nominal conditions)

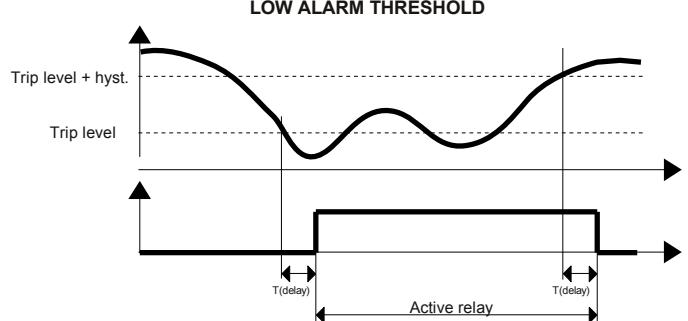
INPUT				ALARM TRIP						
Input type	Min	Max	Span min	Contact	SPST (1Form A)					
TC (CJC int./ext.)				Tc	± 0.2 % f.s.					
J	-200°C	1200°C	100°C	RTD	± 0.1 % f.s.					
K	-200°C	1300°C	100°C	mV, V, mA	± 0.05 % f.s.					
S	0°C	1750°C	400°C	TC, mV	>= 10 MΩ					
R	0°C	1750°C	400°C	RTD excitation current						
B	0°C	1850°C	400°C	RTD, Res	400 uA					
E	-200°C	1000°C	100°C	Aux. Voltage	>18V @ 20mA					
T	-200°C	400°C	100°C	Line resistance influence (1)						
N	-200°C	1300°C	100°C	TC, mV	<=0.8 uV/Ohm					
Voltage				RTD 3 wires	0.05%/Ω (50 Ω max balanced)					
mV	-100 mV	+90 mV	5 mV	Thermal drift (1)						
mV	-100 mV	+200 mV	10 mV	Full scale	± 0.01% / °C					
mV	-100 mV	+800 mV	20 mV	CJC	± 0.01% / °C					
				CJC Comp.	± 0.5°C					
RTD (2, 3, 4 wires)										
Pt100	-200°C	850°C	50°C	OUTPUT (2 CHANNELS)						
Pt1000	-85°C	185°C	30°C	Output type	Min	Max	Min Span			
Ni100	-60°C	180°C	50°C	Current	0 mA	20 mA	4 mA			
Ni1000	-60°C	150°C	30°C	Voltage	0 V	10 V	1 V			
RES. (2, 3, 4 wires)	0 Ω	500 Ω	50 Ω	Output calibration						
	0 Ω	2000 Ω	50 Ω	Current	± 7 uA					
Pot. (Rnom.< 50kΩ)	0 %	100 %	10 %	Voltage	± 5 mV					
Voltage	0 V	10 V	1 V	Aux. Voltage	>12V @ 20mA					
Current	0 mA	20 mA	1 mA	Burn-out values						
Calibration (1)				Max. output value	22 mA or 11 V					
mV, TC	the higher of ±0.1% and ±12 uV			Min. output value	0 mA or -0.6 V					
RTD	the higher of ±0.1% and ±0.2°C			Output load Resistance - Rload						
Res.	the higher of ±0.1% and ±0.15			Current output	< 500 Ω					
Potentiometer	± 0.05 % f.s.			Voltage output	> 10 kΩ					
Voltage	the higher of ±0.1% and ± 2 mV			Short circuit current	30 mA max.					
mA	the higher of ±0.1% and ± 6 uA			Response time (10÷ 90%) about						
mV, V, mA	± 0.5 % f.s (opt. HS)			500 ms						
				100 ms (option HS)						
(1) referred to the input Span (difference between max. and min.)										
UNIVERSAL ISOLATED CONVERTER CONFIGURABLE BY DIP-SWITCH OR PC DOUBLE OUTPUT & TRIP AMPLIFIER										
DATEXEL										
www.datexel.com										
DATEXEL										

(1) referred to the input Span (difference between max. and min.)

THRESHOLD OPERATION



For the high alarm the relay goes on when the input signal is higher than the trip level and after the delay time. The relay goes off only when the input signal is lower than the trip level minus the hysteresis value or when reaches the minimum value of the input scale and after the delay time.



For the low alarm the relay goes on when the input signal is lower than the trip level and after the delay time. The relay goes off only when the input signal is higher than the trip level plus the hysteresis value or when reaches the maximum value of the input scale and after the delay time.

PROGRAMMING

CONFIGURATION BY PC

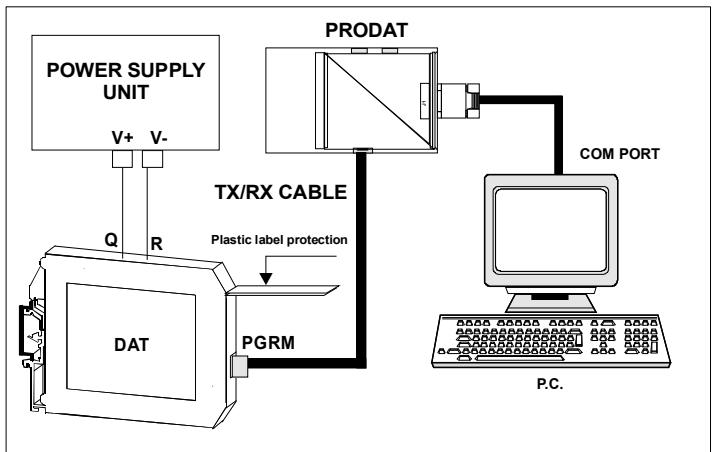
By software DATESOFT it is possible to:

- set the default programming of the device;
- program the options not available with the dip-switch; (burn-out level, CJC offset, trip alarm settings, fast sampling, etc...);
- read, in real time, the input and output measures;
- follow the dip-switches configuration wizard.

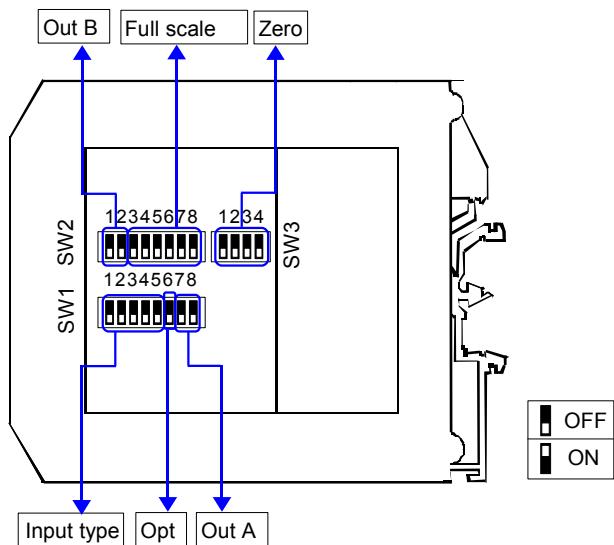
To configure the device follow the next steps:

- 1) Power-on the device.
- 2) Open the protection plastic label on the front of the device.
- 3) Connect the interface PRODAT to the PC (COM port) and to the device (PGRM connector).
- 4) Open DATESOFT.
- 5) Select the COM port in use.
- 6) Click on "Open COM".
- 7) Click on the icon "Program".
- 8) Set the programming data.
- 9) Click on the icon "Write" to send the programming data to the device.

Warning: during these operations the device must always be powered and the TX/RX cable always connected.
For information about DATESOFT refer to the software's user guide.



CONFIGURATION BY DIP-SWITCHES



- 1) Open the suitable door on the side of the device.
- 2) Set the input type by the dip-switch SW1 [1..5] (see TAB.1)
- 3) Set the output A type by the dip-switch SW1 [7..8] (see TAB.2)
- 4) Set the output B type by the dip-switch SW2 [1..2] (see TAB.2)
- 5) Set, if available, the input option by the dip-switch SW1 [6] (see TAB.3)
- 6) Set the maximum input value (Full scale) by the dip-switch SW2 [3..8] (see TAB.4)
- 7) Set the minimum input scale value (Zero) by the dip-switch SW3 [1..4] (see TAB.4)

EX. of configuration	SW1 =	SW2 =	SW3 =
- Input type - Option - Out A	Pt100 3 wires 4-20 mA		
- Out B - Full scale	0-10 V 200 °C		
- Zero	-50 °C		

NOTE:

- It is also possible to set the dip-switches using the wizard of the configuration software following the procedure described in the section "Configuration by PC" until the step 6 and clicking on icon "Switch".

DIP-SWITCH CONFIGURATION TABLES

TAB.1 – Input type settings

SW1 1 2 3 4 5	EPROM *	SW1 1 2 3 4 5	Tc J	SW1 1 2 3 4 5	Res. 2KΩ
	90 mV		Tc K		Res. 500Ω
	200 mV		Tc R		Pt100
	800 mV		Tc S		Ni100
	10 V		Tc T		Pt 1K
	20 mA		Tc B		Ni 1K
			Tc E		Pot. <500Ω
			Tc N		Pot. <2KΩ

TAB.2

Out A
SW1 7 8
0-20 mA
4-20 mA
0-10 V
0-5 V

Out B
SW2 1 2
0-20 mA
4-20 mA
0-10 V
0-5 V

TAB.3
Options

SW1 6	CJC	RTD/RES
	External	3 wires
	Internal	2/4 wires

NOTES:

* To set the input range refer to the TAB.4 (next pages) referred to the input type selected by the TAB.1.

* If the dip-switches SW1 [1..5] are all set in the position 0 ("EPROM"), the device will follow the configuration programmed by PC (input type and range, output type and range, trip alarm's settings and options).

* If the dip-switches SW2 [3..8] and SW3 [1..4] are all set in the position 0 ("Default"), the device will follow the input scale programmed by PC for the input type selected by the dip-switches SW1 [1..5]

* Eventual wrong dip-switches settings will be signalled by the blinking of the led "PWR".

* If the dip-switch SW1 [6] is set in the ON position and is in progress a measure by Resistance or RTD 2 wires sensor, it is necessary to connect the terminal I to the terminal L and the terminal G to the terminal H.

TAB.4a – mV, Tc input scale settings

Zero		Full scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	mV-°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mV-°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mV-°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mV-°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mV-°C
	Default		Default		75		225		700
	-200		0		80		250		750
	-100		5		85		255		800
	-80		10		90		275		850
	-60		15		95		300		900
	-50		20		100		325		950
	-40		25		110		350		1000
	-30		30		120		375		1100
	-20		35		130		400		1200
	-10		40		140		425		1300
	0		45		150		450		1400
	10		50		160		475		1500
	20		55		170		500		1600
	50		60		180		550		1750
	100		65		190		600		1800
	150		70		200		650		1850

TAB.4b – Pt100, Pt1K, Ni100, Ni1K input scale settings

Zero		Full scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	°C	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	°C
	Default		Default		75		210		370
	-200		0		80		220		380
	-150		5		85		230		390
	-100		10		90		240		400
	-50		15		95		250		425
	-40		20		100		260		450
	-30		25		110		270		475
	-20		30		120		280		500
	-10		35		130		290		525
	0		40		140		300		550
	5		45		150		310		600
	10		50		160		320		650
	20		55		170		330		700
	30		60		180		340		750
	50		65		190		350		800
	100		70		200		360		850

TAB.4c – Resistance < 2 Kohm input scale settings.

Zero		Full Scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω
Default	Default	Default	Default	800	1150	1600			
0	500	820	1175	1650					
150	520	840	1200	1700					
200	540	860	1225	1750					
250	560	880	1250	1800					
300	580	900	1275	1850					
350	600	920	1300	1900					
400	620	940	1325	1950					
450	640	960	1350	2000					
500	660	980	1375	2000					
550	680	1000	1400	2000					
600	700	1025	1425	2000					
650	720	1050	1450	2000					
700	740	1075	1475	2000					
750	760	1100	1500	2000					
800	780	1125	1550	2000					

TAB.4d – Resistance < 500 ohm input scale settings

Zero		Full Scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ω
Default	Default	125	210	370					
0	50	130	220	380					
10	55	135	230	390					
20	60	140	240	400					
30	65	145	250	410					
40	70	150	260	420					
50	75	155	270	430					
75	80	160	280	440					
100	85	165	290	450					
125	90	170	300	460					
150	95	175	310	470					
175	100	180	320	480					
200	105	185	330	490					
225	110	190	340	500					
250	115	195	350	500					
300	120	200	360	500					

TAB.4e – Potentiometer input scale settings

Zero		Full Scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	%	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	%	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	%	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	%	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	%
Default	Default	Default	Default	34	66	98			
0	5	36	68	100					
15	6	38	70	100					
20	8	40	72	100					
25	10	42	74	100					
30	12	44	76	100					
35	14	46	78	100					
40	16	48	80	100					
45	18	50	82	100					
50	20	52	84	100					
55	22	54	86	100					
60	24	56	88	100					
65	26	58	90	100					
70	28	60	92	100					
75	30	62	94	100					
80	32	64	96	100					

TAB.4f – Current input scale settings

Zero		Full Scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	mA	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mA	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mA	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mA	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	mA
Default	0	Default	5	Default	8	Default	11.5	Default	16
	1.5		5.2		8.4		12		16.5
	2		5.4		8.6		12.25		17
	2.5		5.6		8.8		12.5		17.5
	3		5.8		9		12.75		18
	3.5		6		9.2		13		18.5
	4		6.2		9.4		13.25		19
	4.5		6.4		9.6		13.5		19.5
	5		6.6		9.8		13.75		20
	5.5		6.8		10		14		20
	6		7		10.25		14.25		20
	6.5		7.2		10.5		14.5		20
	7		7.4		10.75		14.75		20
	7.5		7.6		11		15		20
	8		7.8		11.25		15.5		20

TAB.4g – Voltage input scale settings

Zero		Full Scale							
SW3 1 2 3 4	Volt	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Volt	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Volt	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Volt	SW2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Volt
Default	0	Default	0.5	Default	3.4	Default	6.6	Default	9.8
	1.5		0.6		3.8		7		10
	2		0.8		4		7.2		10
	2.5		1		4.2		7.4		10
	3		1.2		4.4		7.6		10
	3.5		1.4		4.6		7.8		10
	4		1.6		4.8		8		10
	4.5		1.8		5		8.2		10
	5		2		5.2		8.4		10
	5.5		2.2		5.4		8.6		10
	6		2.4		5.6		8.8		10
	6.5		2.6		5.8		9		10
	7		2.8		6		9.2		10
	7.5		3		6.2		9.4		10
	8		3.2		6.4		9.6		10

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The device is suitable for fitting to DIN rails in the vertical position.
For optimum operation and long life follow these instructions:

When the devices are installed side by side it may be necessary to separate them by at least 5 mm in the following cases:

- If panel temperature exceeds 45°C.
- Use of high power supply value (> 27 Vdc).
- Use of one or both current outputs.
- Use of active current input.

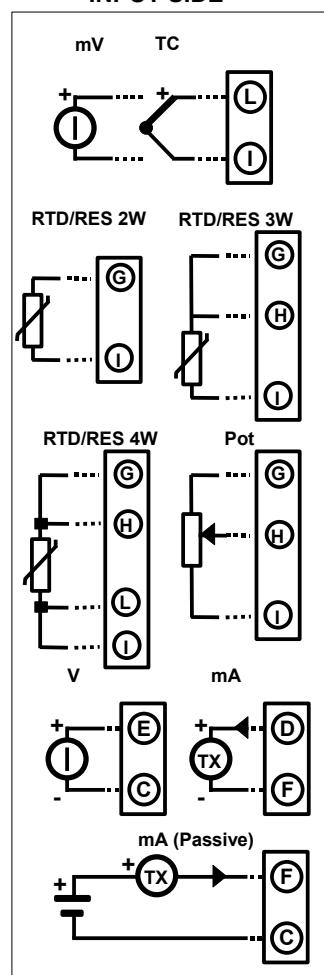
Make sure that sufficient air flow is provided for the device avoiding to place raceways or other objects which could obstruct the ventilation slits. Moreover it is suggested to avoid that devices are mounted above appliances generating heat; their ideal place should be in the lower part of the panel.

Install the device in a place without vibrations.

Moreover it is suggested to avoid routing conductors near power signal cables (motors, induction ovens, inverters etc...) and to use shielded cable for connecting signals.

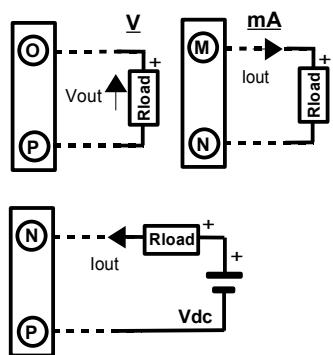
CONNECTIONS

INPUT SIDE

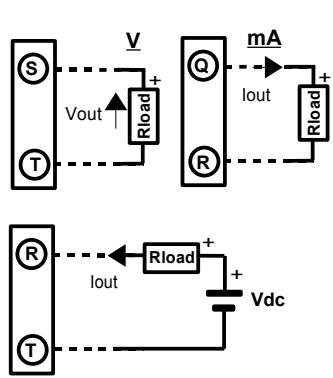


OUTPUTS SIDE

OUT A



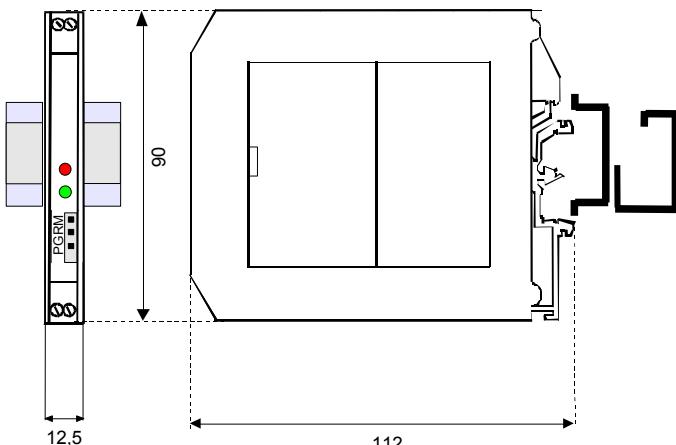
OUT B



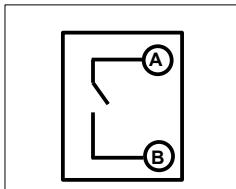
ISOLATION STRUCTURE



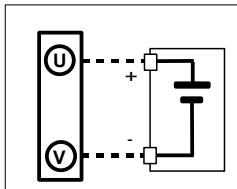
DIMENSIONS (mm)



TRIP ALARM CONTACT



POWER SUPPLY



LIGHT SIGNALLING

LED	COLOUR	STATE	DESCRIPTION
PWR	GREEN	ON	Device powered
		OFF	Device not powered
		BLINKING	Wrong dip-switches settings
ALARM	RED	ON	Trip alarm active
		OFF	Trip alarm not active

HOW TO ORDER

The device is provided as requested on the Customer's order.
Refer to the section "Programming" to determine the input and output ranges.
In case of the configuration is not specified, the parameters must be set by the user.

ORDER CODE EXAMPLE:

DAT 4530 /Pt100/0 ÷ 200 °C/4 ÷ 20 mA/4 ÷ 20 mA/3wires

- Input type
- Input scale
- Out A scale
- Out B scale
- Options